

Safety Data Sheet

Marlite C915 VOC Compliant Construction Adhesive

Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier : Marlite C915 VOC Compliant Construction Adhesive

Product type : Liquid.
CAS # : mixture

Address : Franklin International

2020 Bruck Street Columbus OH 43207

Contact person : Franklin Technical Services

Telephone : (800) 877-4583 **In case of emergency** : Franklin Security (614) 445-1300

Reference number : 3713
Product code : 3959
Date of revision : 5/11/2017
Print date : 5/12/2017

Chemtrec (24 Hour) : (800) 424 - 9300 **Chemtrec International** : (703) 527 - 3887

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Not applicable.

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status

: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture

: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A

CARCINOGENICITY (inhalation) - Category 2

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (eyes) (oral) - Category

1

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract

irritation) - Category 3

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -

Category 3

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms :







Signal word : Danger

Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazard statements

: Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

Causes serious eye irritation.

Suspected of causing cancer if inhaled.

Causes damage to organs if swallowed. (eyes)

May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Precautionary statements

General

: Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

Prevention

: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all material-handling equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Keep container tightly closed. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Response

: IF exposed: Call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.

Storage

: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Disposal

: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Supplemental label elements

: Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Hazards not otherwise

: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

classified

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Hazardous ingredients

United States

Name	CAS number	%
methyl acetate acetone vinyl acetate	79-20-9 67-64-1 108-05-4	10 - 25 1 - 5 0.1 - 0.5
viiiyi acetate	100-03-4	0.1 - 0.5

Canada

Name	CAS number	%
methyl acetate	79-20-9	10 - 25
acetone	67-64-1	1 - 5
oxydipropyl dibenzoate	27138-31-4	1 - 5
vinyl acetate	108-05-4	0.1 - 0.5

<u>Mexico</u>						C	lassifi	ication
Name	CAS number	UN number	%	IDLH	Н	F	R	Special

Marlite C915 VOC Compliant Construction Adhesive Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients 10 - 25 79-20-9 UN1993 3100 ppm methyl acetate 3 0 2 UN1993 1 - 5 3 0 67-64-1 2500 ppm acetone 2 oxydipropyl dibenzoate 1 - 5 0 27138-31-4 Not 0 available.

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician.

Inhalation

: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Skin contact

: Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact

: Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation

: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or

dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.

Skin contact

: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.

Ingestion : Ca

: Causes damage to organs following a single exposure if swallowed. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact

: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation

watering redness

Section 4. First aid measures

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> irritation dryness cracking

: No specific data. Ingestion

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. Notes to physician

The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Specific treatments : No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is

suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to

give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

from the chemical

Specific hazards arising

decomposition products

Hazardous thermal

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam.

: Do not use water jet.

: Highly flammable liquid and vapor. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Runoff to sewer

may create fire or explosion hazard.

Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide

halogenated compounds

carbonyl halides

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water

spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders

If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, : including any incompatibilities

Store between the following temperatures: -17 to 40°C (1.4 to 104°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

United States

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits	
methyl acetate	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016). TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 606 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 757 mg/m³ 15 minutes. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 610 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 760 mg/m³ 15 minutes. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). TWA: 200 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 610 mg/m³ 10 hours. STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 760 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 760 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 760 mg/m³ 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016). TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.	
acetone	TWA: 200 ppin 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016). TWA: 250 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 750 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 1800 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 2400 mg/m³ 15 minutes. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). TWA: 250 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 590 mg/m³ 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016). TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 2400 mg/m³ 8 hours.	
vinyl acetate	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016). TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 35 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 15 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 53 mg/m³ 15 minutes. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 30 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 20 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 60 mg/m³ 15 minutes. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). CEIL: 4 ppm 15 minutes. CEIL: 15 mg/m³ 15 minutes.	

Canada

Occupational exposure limits		TWA (8 hours)		STEL (15 mins)		Ceiling					
Ingredient	List name	ppm	mg/ m³	Other	ppm	mg/ m³	Other	ppm	mg/ m³	Other	Notations
methyl acetate	US ACGIH 3/2016 AB 4/2009 BC 7/2016 ON 7/2015 SK 7/2013	200 200 200 200 -	606 606 - -	- - - - 200	250 250 250 250 -	757 757 - -	- - - - 250	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	
acetone	US ACGIH 3/2016 AB 4/2009 BC 7/2016 ON 7/2015 SK 7/2013	250 500 250 500	- 1200 - - -	PPM - - - - 500 PPM	500 750 500 750	- 1800 - - -	PPM - - - - 750 PPM		- - - -	- - - -	

Marlite C915 VOC Compliant Construction Adhesive Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection											
									vinyl acetate	US ACGIH 3/2016 AB 4/2009	10 10
	BC 7/2016 ON 7/2015	10 10	-	-	15 15	-	-	-	-	-	
	SK 7/2013	-	-	10 PPM	-	-	15 PPM	-	-	-	

Mexico

Occupational exposure limits

Exposure limits
NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). LMPE-PPT: 200 ppm 8 hours. LMPE-CT: 250 ppm 15 minutes. NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). LMPE-PPT: 500 ppm 8 hours. LMPE-CT: 750 ppm 15 minutes.
1

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Environmental exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

Skin protection

Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Body protection

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear antistatic protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Respiratory protection

: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid. [Paste.]

Color : Beige.

Odor : Solvent(s) [Strong]

Odor threshold : Not available.

pH : Not applicable.

Melting point : Not available.

Boiling point : 54.444°C (130°F)

Flash point : Closed cup: -18°C (-0.4°F) [Setaflash.]

Evaporation rate : >1 (butyl acetate = 1)

Flammability (solid, gas) : Highly flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames,

sparks and static discharge and heat.

VOC (less water, less

exempt solvents)

: 8.22 g/l

Relative density : 1.2716

Solubility : Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.

Aerosol product

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity

: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

Incompatible materials

: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:

oxidizing materials

: The product is stable.

Hazardous decomposition products

 Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
methyl acetate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
,	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	-
acetone	LD50 Oral	Rat	5800 mg/kg	-
vinyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	11400 mg/m ³	4 hours
,	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2335 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2900 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary

Irritation/Corrosion

: Not available.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
methyl acetate	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
Skin - Mild irritant	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	milligrams 24 hours 500 milligrams	-
Skin - Moderate irritant	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20 milligrams	-
acetone	Eyes - Mild irritant	Human	-	186300 parts	-
Eyes - Mild irritant	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	10 microliters	-
Eyes - Moderate irritant	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20 milligrams	-
Eyes - Severe irritant	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	20 milligrams	-
Skin - Mild irritant	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
Skin - Mild irritant	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	milligrams 395 milligrams	-

Conclusion/Summary

Skin : Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or

dermatitis.

Eyes: This product may irritate eyes upon contact.

Respiratory : High vapor concentrations can cause headaches, dizziness, drowsiness and nausea

and may lead to unconsciousness.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Marlite C915 VOC Compliant Construction Adhesive	Category 1	Oral	eyes
	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects
methyl acetate	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects
acetone	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects
vinyl acetate	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation

Information on the likely routes of exposure

: Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or

dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.

Skin contact: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.

Ingestion : Causes damage to organs following a single exposure if swallowed. Can cause central

nervous system (CNS) depression.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

watering redness

Section 11. Toxicological information

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation dryness cracking

Ingestion : No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
methyl acetate	Acute LC50 408000 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours
acetone	Acute EC50 20.565 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Acute LC50 6000000 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Gammarus pulex	48 hours
	Acute LC50 10000 μg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 5600 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Poecilia reticulata	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 4.95 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.016 ml/L Fresh water	Crustaceans - Daphniidae	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 0.1 ml/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 5 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Gasterosteus aculeatus - Larvae	42 days
vinyl acetate	Acute EC50 8.81 mg/l	Algae - Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata	96 hours
	Acute EC50 12.6 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 10000 to 100000 μg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Crangon crangon - Larvae	48 hours
	Acute LC50 14000 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1.58 mg/l	Algae - Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata	96 hours

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
vinyl acetate	-	-	Readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
methyl acetate acetone vinyl acetate	0.18 -0.23 0.73	- 3 3.16	low low

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

United States - RCRA Toxic hazardous waste "U" List

Ingredient	CAS#		Reference number
Acetone (I); 2-Propanone (I)	67-64-1	Listed	U002

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	ADR/RID	IMDG	IATA
UN number	1133	1133	1133	1133	1133	1133
UN proper shipping name	ADHESIVES, containing flammable liquid	ADHESIVES, containing flammable liquid	ADHESIVES, containing flammable liquid	ADHESIVES, containing flammable liquid	ADHESIVES, containing flammable liquid	ADHESIVES, containing flammable liquid
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3	3	3
Packing group	II	II	II	II	II	II
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	-	Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods	-	Special provisions 640 (C) Tunnel code (D/E)	-	-

Marlite C915 VOC Compliant Construction Adhesive					
Section 14. Transport information					
	Regulations: 2. 18-2.19 (Class 3).				

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are

upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the

event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according

to Annex II of MARPOL and

: Not available.

the IBC Code

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations : TSCA 8(a) PAIR: methyl acetate; 4-chloro-α,α,α-trifluorotoluene

TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined

United States inventory (TSCA All components are listed or exempted.

TSCA 12(b) one-time export: 4-chloro- α , α , α -trifluorotoluene

Clean Air Act Section 112

(b) Hazardous Air **Pollutants (HAPs)** : Listed

Clean Air Act Section 602

Class I Substances

: Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602

Class II Substances

: Not listed

SARA 302/304

Composition/information on ingredients

			SARA 302 TPQ		SARA 304 RQ	
Name	%	EHS	(lbs)	(gallons)	(lbs)	(gallons)
vinyl acetate	0.1 - 0.5	Yes.	1000	129	5000	644.8

SARA 304 RQ : 2255503.4 lbs / 1023998.6 kg [212733.4 gal / 805283.5 L]

SARA 311/312

Classification : Fire hazard

Immediate (acute) health hazard Delayed (chronic) health hazard

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Fire hazard	Sudden release of pressure	Reactive	Immediate (acute) health hazard	Delayed (chronic) health hazard
methyl acetate acetone vinyl acetate	10 - 25 1 - 5 0.1 - 0.5	Yes. Yes. Yes.	No.	No. No. No.	Yes. Yes. Yes.	No. No. Yes.

SARA 313

Marlite C915 VOC Compliant Construction Adhesive

Section 15. Regulatory information

	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting requirements		67-64-1 108-05-4	1 - 5 0.1 - 0.5
Supplier notification	vinyl acetate	108-05-4	0.1 - 0.5

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

State regulations

Massachusetts : The following components are listed: METHYL ACETATE; ACETONE

New York : The following components are listed: Vinyl acetate; Acetone; 2-Propanone

New Jersey : The following components are listed: METHYL ACETATE; ACETIC ACID, METHYL

ESTER; VINYL ACETATE; ACETIC ACID ETHENYL ESTER; ACETONE;

2-PROPANONE

Pennsylvania: The following components are listed: ACETIC ACID, METHYL ESTER; ACETIC ACID

ETHENYL ESTER; 2-PROPANONE

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Ingredient name	Cancer	Reproductive	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
methanol	No.	Yes.	45000 μg/day (ingestion) 47000 μg/day (inhalation)	23000 μg/day (ingestion) 47000 μg/day (inhalation)

Canada

Canadian lists

Canadian NPRI : The following components are listed: Volatile organic compounds; Volatile organic

compounds

CEPA Toxic substances: The following components are listed: Volatile organic compounds; Volatile organic

compounds

Canada inventory: All components are listed or exempted.

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the MSDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.

Mexico

Classification :



International regulations

International lists : Australia inventory (AICS): All components are listed or exempted.

China inventory (IECSC): All components are listed or exempted.

Japan inventory (ENCS): Not determined. Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.

Korea inventory: All components are listed or exempted. **Malaysia Inventory (EHS Register)**: Not determined.

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): All components are listed or exempted.

Philippines inventory (PICCS): All components are listed or exempted.

Taiwan Chemical Substances Inventory (TCSI): All components are listed or

Section 15. Regulatory information

exempted.

Turkey inventory: Not determined.

Europe : Not determined.

Chemical Weapons
Convention List Schedule

Convention List Schedule

I Chemicals

Chemical Weapons
Convention List Schedule

II Chemicals

Chemical Weapons
Convention List Schedule

III Chemicals

: Not listed

: Not listed

: Not listed

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910. 1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

History

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Version : 5

Marlite C915 VOC Compliant Construction Adhesive

Section 16. Other information

Key to abbreviations

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973

as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

UN = United Nations

References

: Not available.

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

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Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.